Draft 2022 Integrated System Plan AEMO Consumer Forum – 15 December 2021



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The ISP – Purpose and process



About the Integrated System Plan (ISP)



- Whole-of-system plan
- Informs policy makers, investors, consumers, researchers and other energy stakeholders
- Serves regulatory purpose of justifying actionable and future new transmission
- Maximises value to end consumers
- Optimal development plan/roadmap







The ISP development process





Since COP26, Delphi Panel now favours Step Change



• Delphi Panel 1: 5 scenarios

• Delphi Panel 2: 4 scenarios



Net Zero 2050 name changed to "Progressive Change"

Scenarios



	Slow Change			⊉	Progressive				Step				Hydrogen			
DEMAND				Change				Change				Superpower				
Electrification	2030		2050		2030		2050		2030		2050		2030		2050	
- Road transport that is EV (%)	1	2		36	1	5		84	1	12		99		18		94
- Residential EVs still relying on convenience charging (%)	II.	82		58		75		44		70		31		66		22
- Industrial Electrification (TWh)	1	-24	1	-21		4		92		27		54		37		64
- Residential Electrification (TWh)	1	0	1	0	1	0.2		15		4		13	1	2	11	4
- Energy efficiency savings (TWh)	1	8		19	Ι.,.	14		40		22		55	11	22		56
Underlying Consumption																
- NEM Underlying Consumption (TWh)		163		213	1	201		394		222		336		243		330
- Hydrogen consumption - domestic (TWh)	1	0	1	0	1	0		32	1	0.1		58	1	2		132
- Hydrogen consumption - export, incl. green steel (TWh)	1	0	1	0	1	0		0	1	0	1	0		49		816
- Total underlying consumption (TWh)	11	163	1	213	1	201	11	425	1	223	11	394		294		1,278
SUPPLY																
Distributed PV Generation (TWh)	1	39		58	1	39		80	1	45		93	I.	51		112
Household daily consumption potential stored in batteries (%)	1	3	I.	5	1	5		22		12		38		13		39
Underlying consumption met by DER (%)		24		27		20		19		20		24		17	I.	9
Coal generation (% of total electricity production)		34		5		38		2		21		0		6		0
NEM emissions (MT CO2-e)		57.4		12.1	1	77.8		23.6		48.3		7.2		19.0		5.6
2020 NEM emissions (% of)		40		9	I	55		17		34		5		13		4
	-		-		-								-			

Level of change



Methodology





Draft 2022 ISP – Key Findings



Renewable generation capacity to at least double every decade from now to 2050 ...



Progressive Change – with transmission



Step Change – with transmission

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...coal likely to withdraw much sooner than expected...







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...requiring substantial storage and gas to firm renewables...



gas operation increases as VRE penetration increases



Without transmission, more gas, storage and off-shore wind is required to meet same carbon budgets





- **EP5** [@Andrew Turley] Just a reminder I believe you are intending to replace this with a version that has a better aspect ratio. Elijah Pack, 9/12/2021
- **EP6** I had a go stretching things up to you. Elijah Pack, 9/12/2021
- A12 Yep put in the version that we put into the report Andrew, 10/12/2021

The draft optimal development path enables an efficient transition

The draft optimal development path (ODP) delivers \approx **\$29 billion** in net market benefits

Retains flexibility to facilitate a **faster NEM decarbonisation by 2030** if desired

Helps **mitigate risk** of earlier than expected coal closures, or schedule slippage

This optionality comes at almost **no cost to consumers (\$20 million)**



...this efficient transition will have network congestion...



...Renewable Energy Zones will present a tremendous opportunity 800 800 2050 2030 Candidate Renewable Energy Zone (REZ) Candidate Offshore Wind Zone (OWZ) 500 MW wind R 17

500 MW solar

... but the social and economic barriers must be considered



The final ISP can trigger REZ Design Reports for REZs that require coordination of generation and transmission investment within 12 years. This is a significant investigation that involves:

- Engineering designs, cost estimates and easement investigations that considers developer and community interest.
- Stages that can be delivered to meet capacity targets in the ISP.
- Identification of barriers to community acceptance and estimates of costs associated with overcoming them.
- A draft report and a 6 week consultation

Substantially expanded community engagement programs are needed to explore the social licence for both generation and transmission investments.



Mitigating risks for consumers



Top CDPs all yield \$29 billion net market benefits





Sensitivities explore the robustness of the ODP





Further checks and balances exist for actionable projects



- Actionable projects are required in all scenarios.
 - Not a matter of 'if' but 'when' these projects are optimal.
 - The best development paths largely include different timings of the same projects.
 - Removing any actionable project entirely drops benefits by at least \$1 billion.
- Delivering projects late is more costly than delivering them early.
 - Actioning projects now manage risks of early coal closures, policy change and delayed transmission delivery.
 - Investment certainty provides benefits to consumers that is not easily quantifiable.
- Early works and decision rules are used to progress VNI West and HumeLink so that decisions can be made with firmer costs.
- After the RIT-T, the "ISP Feedback loop" will check whether the project remains optimal and aligned with the ISP.

NF1 Andrew - please confirm the lowest TOOT benefit Nicola Falcon, 14/12/2021

Consultation on the Draft ISP



Consultation on the Draft ISP



Next steps in the consultation process

- Pre-submission forum 1 Feb 2022.
- Written submissions to the Draft ISP are due by 11 Feb 2022.

Events for consumer advocates

- AEMO Consumer Forum 15 Dec 2021
- Verbal comment session 4 Feb 2022

Reports from the AER and ISP Consumer Panel

- The AER's Draft ISP review report due one month after publication
- ISP Consumer Panel's report on Draft ISP due two months after publication

Questions



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For more information please visit www.aemo.com.au

